CAPCO



Seeing the Forest for the Trees

- The Taming of Big Data

Journal

THE CAPCO INSTITUTE JOURNAL OF FINANCIAL TRANSFORMATION

Sanjay Sidhwani



APEX 2016 AWARD WINNER

FINANCIAL TECHNOLOGY

Download the full version of The Journal available at CAPCO.COM/INSTITUTE



Empowering the Financial WorldFISGLOBAL.COM







The Capco Institute Journal of Financial Transformation

Recipient of the Apex Award for Publication Excellence

Editor

Shahin Shojai, Global Head, Capco Institute

Advisory Board

Christine Ciriani, Partner, Capco Chris Geldard, Partner, Capco Nick Jackson, Partner, Capco

Editorial Board

Franklin Allen, Nippon Life Professor of Finance, University of Pennsylvania **Joe Anastasio**, Partner, Capco

Philippe d'Arvisenet, Adviser and former Group Chief Economist, BNP Paribas

Rudi Bogni, former Chief Executive Officer, UBS Private Banking

Bruno Bonati, Chairman of the Non-Executive Board, Zuger Kantonalbank

Dan Breznitz, Munk Chair of Innovation Studies, University of Toronto

Urs Birchler, Professor Emeritus of Banking, University of Zurich

Géry Daeninck, former CEO, Robeco

Stephen C. Daffron, CEO, Interactive Data

Jean Dermine, Professor of Banking and Finance, INSEAD

Douglas W. Diamond, Merton H. Miller Distinguished Service Professor of Finance, University of Chicago

Elroy Dimson, Emeritus Professor of Finance, London Business School

Nicholas Economides, Professor of Economics, New York University

Michael Enthoven, Board, NLFI, Former Chief Executive Officer, NIBC Bank N.V.

José Luis Escrivá, Director, Independent Revenue Authority, Spain

George Feiger, Pro-Vice-Chancellor and Executive Dean, Aston Business School

Gregorio de Felice, Head of Research and Chief Economist, Intesa Sanpaolo

Allen Ferrell, Greenfield Professor of Securities Law, Harvard Law School

Peter Gomber, Full Professor, Chair of e-Finance, Goethe University Frankfurt

Wilfried Hauck, Chief Financial Officer, Hanse Merkur International GmbH

Pierre Hillion, de Picciotto Professor of Alternative Investments and Shell Professor of Finance, INSEAD

Andrei A. Kirilenko, Visiting Professor of Finance, Imperial College Business School

Mitchel Lenson, Non-Executive Director, Nationwide Building Society

David T. Llewellyn, Professor of Money and Banking, Loughborough University

Donald A. Marchand, Professor of Strategy and Information Management, IMD

Colin Mayer, Peter Moores Professor of Management Studies, Oxford University

Pierpaolo Montana, Chief Risk Officer, Mediobanca

Steve Perry, Chief Digital Officer, Visa Europe

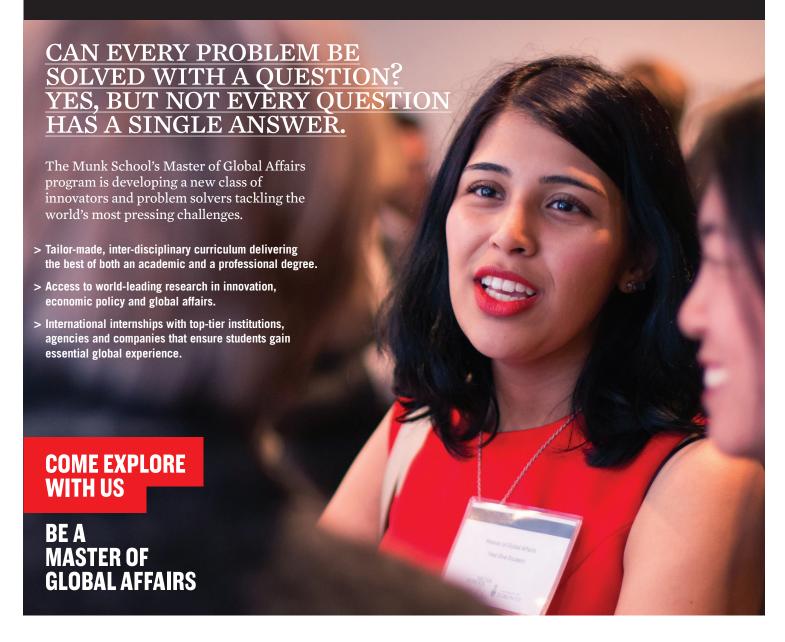
Derek Sach, Head of Global Restructuring, The Royal Bank of Scotland

Roy C. Smith, Kenneth G. Langone Professor of Entrepreneurship and Finance, New York University

John Taysom, Visiting Professor of Computer Science, UCL

D. Sykes Wilford, W. Frank Hipp Distinguished Chair in Business, The Citadel

WHAT ARE THE DRIVERS AND DISRUPTIONS THAT DETERMINE INNOVATION AND PROSPERITY?







Financial Technology

Operational

- 8 Opinion: Time is Risk: Shortening the U.S. Trade Settlement Cycle John Abel
- 13 Opinion: Where Do We Go From Here?
 Preparing for Shortened Settlement Cycles
 Beyond T+2

Steven Halliwell, Michael Martinen, Julia Simmons

- Opinion: Seeing the Forest for the Trees
 The Taming of Big Data
 Sanjay Sidhwani
- 20 Development of Distributed Ledger Technology and a First Operational Risk Assessment Udo Milkau, Frank Neumann, Jürgen Bott
- 31 Digital Finance: At the Cusp of Revolutionizing Portfolio Optimization and Risk Assessment Systems

Blu Putnam, Graham McDannel, Veenit Shah

- 39 Safety in Numbers: Toward a New Methodology for Quantifying Cyber Risk Sidhartha Dash, Peyman Mestchian
- 45 Potential and Limitations of Virtual Advice in Wealth Management
 Teodoro D. Cocca
- 58 Overview of Blockchain Platforms and Big Data

Guy R. Vishnia, Gareth W. Peters

Transformational

- **67 The Rise of the Interconnected Digital Bank**Ben Jessel
- 79 The Emergence of Regtech 2.0: From Know Your Customer to Know Your Data Douglas W. Arner, Jànos Barberis, Ross P. Buckley
- U.S. Regulation of FinTech Recent
 Developments and Challenges
 C. Andrew Gerlach, Rebecca J. Simmons,
 Stephen H. Lam
- 97 Strains of Digital Money Ignacio Mas
- 111 Banking 2025: The Bank of the Future
 Rainer Lenz
- 122 Banks Versus FinTech: At Last, it's Official Sinziana Bunea, Benjamin Kogan, David Stolin
- 132 The Un-Level Playing Field for P2P Lending
 Alistair Milne
- 141 Blockchain in a Digital World Sara Feenan, Thierry Rayna
- 151 FinTech in Developing Countries: Charting
 New Customer Journeys
 Ross P. Buckley, Sarah Webster

Seeing the Forest for the Trees - The Taming of Big Data

Saniay Sidhwani - SVP - Data Analytics, Synchrony Financial

The quandary of big data in recent years is similar to looking at a rainforest. There is so much of it, it is not an issue of seeing where and what it is, it is the fear of not seeing the forest for the trees. A rainforest has so many important ecosystems and tiny elements that may be hugely important, similar to big data. Many businesses have the challenge of seeing the thousands of types of data and identifying which elements of the data are important, and what to do about those elements.

At Synchrony Financial, we are a consumer finance company with a deep heritage in the retail sector. As such, we have a very large quantity of data, from several sources, which could include stock keeping unit (SKU) data on purchase transactions, marketing touchpoints, channel interactions, payment history, etc. Our data is not only credit card data normally gathered from an

issuer perspective, it is also data we gather to provide value to a retailer. As such, our data tools must be top notch — both scalable and flexible, in order to provide greater insights. And with the accumulation of data comes the responsibility of safeguarding the storage, access, and transfer of data, and ensuring the proper usage of key data elements. The security and protection of private customer data also needs to be a top priority.

In our experience, one strategy that is very helpful in identifying the important elements of the data available is data visualization. Data visualization tools can be crucial in identifying important factors, trends, and outliers in data. After these important factors are uncovered, the question becomes how to create programs that address the important items that can positively impact a business. This can be done

with agile methodology. We have found that programs that use agile methodology (created using the partnership of IT and analytics) can have a large impact on business success, as described in more detail below.

DATA VISUALIZATION – TRANSLATING DATA INTO ACTIONABLE INSIGHTS

Data visualization can be a powerful tool to quickly observe trends and take action on the data observed. These tools make it easier for leaders across all disciplines to access key data without having to dig through thousands of data points and charts. It is more helpful to let the data tell a story through visual formats. These can include heat maps, infographics, and a combination

The Capco Institute Journal of Financial Transformation

Seeing the Forest for the Trees - The Taming of Big Data

of pictures and graphs. Four types of tools are especially helpful:

- Executive dashboards: by translating data into a visual format, dashboards help users more clearly identify business insights, trends, and performance gaps, and to more easily share the results across the company. Once the dashboards are created, business leaders and analysts know what to look for and can easily interpret the data presented.
- 2. Pictures and graphs: using pictures and graphs to portray data can sometimes be the differentiating factor in observing an insight that could otherwise go unnoticed. Paying attention to outliers and unique patterns can help highlight potential opportunities and areas of improvement.
- 3. Sensitivity modeling: data visualization software can be used as an interactive tool for running sensitivity models on a particular variable. For instance, the impact of price changes on profitability, or the impact of weather changes on sales, can be assessed. Once these models are put into place, the risk of uncertainty can be reduced.
- 4. Heat maps: another example of an effective way to display data is heat mapping. Individual values are represented in a tabular or graphical format in various colors to denote a range of performance from low to high. This visual representation allows users to hone in on where performance is strong, and where opportunities exist.

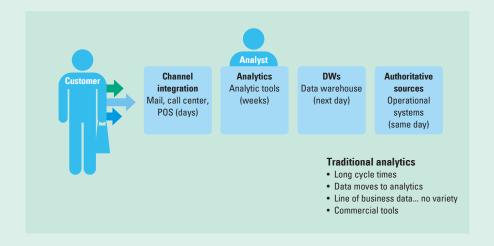
Data visualization tools are valuable to help organizations simplify large amounts of information into insights through a visual format. Letting the numbers tell the story often results in bringing insights to life and communicating them across the organization. And now that they see the data and understand its implications, the organization can impact change by using the agile process, as described below.

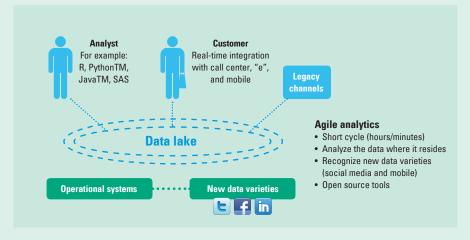
THE AGILE PROCESS – USING THE PARTNERSHIP OF IT AND ANALYTICS TO IMPACT CHANGE

Creating a partnership between the analytics and IT teams is extremely important. Working together with a common vision and goal, the two departments can use the agile process to effectively produce workable solutions quickly and efficiently. By simplifying and speeding up the process of analyzing big data, companies are able to improve their marketing efforts and build better customer relationships.

Let us take a look at the traditional data model. When a customer engages with a business, whether to make a purchase, pay a bill, or make an inquiry, the interaction and the resulting data are recorded in one of its operational systems. Traditionally, analytics processes have been separated from operational systems, because these processes demand considerable resources that can slow down the system and impact business. Consequently, businesses move data to a data warehouse platform so analysts can study the information without impacting the operational system. These commercial tools can be difficult to use and result in long cycle times.

The agile approach can solve these issues. With an agile process, the IT and analytics teams can work together toward a common business goal from the start. The analytics team works with IT to develop insights from big data and then use the data in a timely





The Capco Institute Journal of Financial Transformation

Seeing the Forest for the Trees - The Taming of Big Data

manner – yielding improved customer personalization and more impactful marketing programs.

The agile process also allows for:

- 1. Minimization of data movement: the goal of the process is to engage the customer at the moment of decision. To react with that kind of speed, you need a platform that minimizes the number of times you move the data. A data lake provides a scalable platform where data is ingested from the operational system very quickly, without moving to the analytics environment.
- Availability of the tools: open source tools are simpler and more affordable. Analysts run the data in real time and leverage tools in parallel to perform analysis.
- 3. Shorter cycle times: performing analytics at scale requires a platform that is integrated with customer channels. This moves analytics closer to the customer, resulting in shorter cycle times and greater meaningful engagement.

Once an agile infrastructure is in place, there are essential steps for helping to harness the power of that data. First, make the implication of the data clear – not just to the analysts, but also to key stakeholders. A data platform can be used for both "push" and "pull" reporting on key business metrics so performance of your business can be tracked.

Data in today's world is ubiquitous. Some is clear and definable – like a specific tree in a forest. Others are more unstructured and free flowing – the eco-system and co-relationships, for instance. In order to interpret the data and have an impact, data visualization can be used to see specific issues or trends, and the agile process can be used to provide the solutions and immediacy required to provide the solutions.

FINANCIAL COMPUTING & ANALYTICS

STUDENTSHIPS

Four-Year Masters & PhD for Final Year Undergraduates and Masters Students

As leading banks and funds become more scientific, the demand for excellent PhD students in **computer science**, **mathematics**, **statistics**, **economics**, **finance** and **physics** is soaring.

In the first major collaboration between the financial services industry and academia, **University College London**, **London School of Economics**, and **Imperial College London** have established a national PhD training centre in Financial Computing & Analytics with £8m backing from the UK Government and support from twenty leading financial institutions. The Centre covers financial IT, computational finance, financial engineering and business analytics.

The PhD programme is four years with each student following a masters programme in the first year. During years two to four students work on applied research, with support from industry advisors. Financial computing and analytics encompasses a wide range of research areas including mathematical modeling in finance, computational finance, financial IT, quantitative risk management and financial engineering. PhD research areas include stochastic processes, quantitative risk models, financial econometrics, software engineering for financial applications, computational statistics and machine learning, network, high performance computing and statistical signal processing.

The PhD Centre can provide full or fees-only scholarships for UK/EU students, and will endeavour to assist non-UK students in obtaining financial support.





Imperial College London

financialcomputing.org

INDUSTRY PARTNERS

Financial:

Barclays
Bank of America
Bank of England
BNP Paribas
Citi
Credit Suisse
Deutsche Bank
HSBC
LloydsTSB
Merrill Lynch
Morgan Stanley
Nomura
RBS
Thomson Reuters
UBS

Analytics:

BUPA dunnhumby SAS Tesco

MORE INFORMATION

Prof. Philip TreleavenCentre Director
p.treleaven@ucl.ac.uk

Yonita Carter Centre Manager y.carter@ucl.ac.uk

+44 20 7679 0359

Layout, production and coordination: Cypres – Daniel Brandt, Kris Van de Vijver and Pieter Vereertbrugghen

 $\hbox{@}$ 2016 The Capital Markets Company, N.V.

De Kleetlaan 6, B-1831 Machelen

All rights reserved. All product names, company names and registered trademarks in this document remain the property of their respective owners. The views expressed in The Journal of Financial Transformation are solely those of the authors. This journal may not be duplicated in any way without the express written consent of the publisher except in the form of brief excerpts or quotations for review purposes. Making copies of this journal or any portion thereof for any purpose other than your own is a violation of copyright law.



CAPCO

BANGALORE BRATISLAVA BRUSSELS CHICAGO DALLAS DÜSSELDORF **EDINBURGH FRANKFURT GENEVA HONG KONG** HOUSTON **KUALA LUMPUR** LONDON **NEW YORK ORLANDO PARIS SINGAPORE**

> TORONTO VIENNA Zürich